# Uddeholm Compax® Supreme Welding recommendations

#### **GENERAL**

Uddeholm Compax Supreme has been developed as a mold quality steel, based on the widely used AISI S7 grade. The steel is extremely clean and has a homogeneous microstructure. Uddeholm Compax Supreme is also suitable for a wide range of heavy duty blanking, shearing and forming tools, due to its excellent combination of toughness and wear resistance. A versatile tool steel for both cold and warm shock applications.

Good results when welding can be achieved if proper precautions are taken (joint preparation, choice of consumables and welding procedure).

## **RECOMMENDED FILLER MATERIAL**

Welding Method	Gas Tungsten Arc Welding GTAW (TIG)	Gas Metal Arc Welding GMAW (MIG/MAG)	Shielded Metal Arc Welding SMAW (MMA)	Laser	Comments
Filler material	Caldie TIG Weld Unimax TIG Weld Dievar TIG Weld QRO 90 TIG Weld	Dievar MIG Weld QRO 90 MIG Weld	QRO 90 Weld	Dievar Laser Weld	Caldie and Unimax is recommended for cold applications. Dievar and QRO 90 is recommended for hot applications.
	Typ AWS E AWS ER N	R 312	E 29 9 R		Use soft filler material for buffering layer
Hardness as welded	60 – 64 HRC Caldie 58 – 60 HRC Unimax 50 – 55 HRC Dievar 50 – 55 HRC QRO 90	48 – 52 HRC	48 – 52 HRC	48 – 52 HRC	

#### **DIMENSIONS FILLER MATERIAL**

Type		T	IG		MIG		MMA		Laser
Dia. Ø mm	1.0	1.6	2.4	3.2	1.2	2.5	3.25	4.0	0.3 - 0.7
Dia. Ø Inch	0.040	1/16	3/32	3/32	3/64	3/32	1/8	5/32	0.012 - 0.028
Caldie TIG Weld	X	X	X						
Unimax TIG Weld		X							
Dievar TIG Weld	Х	Х	Х	Х					
QRO 90 TIG Weld	Х	Х	Х						
Dievar MIG Weld					Х				
QRO 90 MIG Weld					Х				
QRO 90 Weld						Х	Х	Х	
Dievar Laser Weld									Х

#### **PARAMETERS**

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Condition	Soft Annealed	Hardened	Comment
	200 HB	56 – 60 HRC	
Preheating	225°C ± 25°C	225°C ± 25°C	The temperature should be kept constant during
Temperature	440°F ± 50°F	440°F ± 50°F	the welding operation.
			Start with buffering layers if not all cracks are removed
Interpass	Max 150°C, 270°F	Max 150°C, 270°F	The temperature of the tool in the vicinity of the
temperature	above preheating	above preheating	weld.
	temperature	temperature	When passed, the tool will have a risk for
			distortion, soft zones or cracking in and around
			the weld (the HAZ).
Cooling rate	20 - 40°, 35 - 70°F C/h The first 2 hours		
	then freely in a	air <70°C, 160°F	
Post treatment	Soft anneal	Temper 25°C, 50°F	Holding time when tempering, 2h. The
	Harden	below previous	temperature depends on the last used tempering
	Temper	tempering temperature	temperature.
			When soft annealing and hardening, see heat
			treatment specification in Uddeholm Compax
			Supreme product brochure.*

<sup>\*</sup> Note. We have seen that in many cases a high temperature tempering, 2h, of ~750°C (1380°F) functions instead of a complete soft annealing when welding in soft annealed material.



### **PROCEDURES**

- Clean weld area.
- Preheat material to 225°C ± 25°C / 440°F ± 50°F and maintain temperature during welding.
- Do not let the temperature in the vicinity of the weld (the HAZ) increase more than 150°C / 270°F above the preheating temperature. There is a risk of lowering (softening) the hardness of the base material or/and cracking in the HAZ. Use temple sticks or other temperature-measuring devices.
- For finishing layers use consumables which give suitable hardness.
- Wait a few minutes between each layer of strings, both for soft and hard filler, in order to let the layer equalize and minimize stresses, if possible use preheating furnace. Peen to minimize stresses.
- If possible, change welding direction 180° between each layer.
- Cool slowly after welding, 20 40°C/h, 35 70 °F/h for the first two hours and then freely in air < 70°C / 160°F.</li>
- Temper 25°C / 50°F below previous tempering temperature for two hours.
- Tools welded in the annealed condition must undergo a full soft annealing immediately after welding. Allow tool to cool to room temperature before soft annealing. If a complete soft annealing cannot be done, which we recommend, a high temperature tempering at 750°C / 1380°F could be used. Be aware of that the working properties of the material will be somewhat reduced, if the high temperature tempering is used instead of the soft annealing.

# Dies welded in their production equipment.

This is something, which we <u>do not recommend</u>, but we are aware of that it happens and therefore we have made the following guideline. Pre-heat, preferably with Propane, to at least 150°C / 300°F, around the area that are going to be welded. After finished welding, let the dies go down to < 70°C / 160°F. Do a second heating, preferably with Propane, to at least 200°C / 390°F.

Use these guideline recommendations along with "Welding of Uddeholm Tool Steel" for complete instructions.

